

SCHOOL OF MUSIC

JOINT RECITAL CHYNNA SPENCER '14, MEZZO-SOPRANO GLENNA TOOMEY '15, PIANO

SUNDAY, MAY 4, 2014 SCHNEEBECK CONCERT HALL 7:30 P.M.

From <i>Seven Melodies</i> , Op Le Charme Le Colibri	pus 2	Ernest Chausson (1855–1899)
Le Colibii	Chynna Spencer, mezzo-soprano Denes Van Parys, piano	
From <i>Zigeunerlieder</i> Lieber Gott Brauner Bursche Röeslein dreie Kommt dir manchma Rote abendwolken	ıl	Johannes Brahms (1833–1897)
	Chynna Spencer, mezzo-soprano Denes Van Parys, piano	
Sonata in D Major, Opus 2 I. Allegro II. Andante III. Scherzo: Allegro IV. Allegro ma non t		Ludwig van Beethoven (1770–1827)
rv. Allegio ma non c	Glenna Toomey, piano	
	INTERMISSION	
From <i>Cabaret Songs</i> Funeral Blues Johnny		Benjamin Britten (1913–1976)
	Chynna Spencer, mezzo-soprano Denes Van Parys, piano	

Ballade, Opus 46		Samuel Barber(1910–1981)
	Glenna Toomey, piano	, ,
From <i>Die Fledermaus</i> Chacun à son goût	Chynna Spencer Denes Van Parys, piano	Johann Strauss (1825–1899)
From <i>Don Giovanni</i> Là ci darem la mano	Chynna Spencer, mezzo-soprar Brian Stoops, baritone Denes Van Parys, piano	(1756–1791)
Ballade No. 1 in G Minor		Frédéric Chopin (1810–1849)

Glenna Toomey, piano

A reception will follow the recital in Music. Room 106.

PERFORMERS

CHYNNA SPENCER '14, mezzo-soprano, is majoring in music and studies under Christina Kowalski. At Puget Sound she participated in the university's opera, *Pirates of Penzance* in spring 2012 and Opera Scenes productions this spring. Chynna is a member of the Adelphian Concert Choir, Voci d'Amici, and the mixed a cappella group Underground Sound, as well as being an active performer and accompanist for the musical theater group Curtain Call.

GLENNA TOOMEY '15, piano, was fascinated by the piano from a very young age and began formal training at age 7. She currently studies with Tanya Stambuk and is a piano performance major. Glenna has participated in numerous recitals at Puget Sound and also is an active member of the chamber music program. She was accepted to Brevard Music Institute in North Carolina, where she is looking forward to spending her summer. Glenna also has been awarded the Paul Bellamy Scholarship for Music.

GUEST PERFORMER

BRIAN STOOPS '14, baritone, is a German major and music minor, and studies voice with Kathryn Lehmann.

ACCOMPANIST

DENES VAN PARYS, accompanist, collaborative artist, conductor, and composer, has led performances for numerous international opera companies, theaters, orchestras, and national tours. He received his Bachelor of Music degree in music theory and composition from Washington State University, and pursued graduate studies in opera and musical theater conducting at Ithaca College. He currently is the staff accompanist at Puget Sound.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Chynna: Mom and Paxton—thank you so much. You are the best, and you've always offered me so much unconditional love and support. For that, I am eternally grateful. To all my wonderful friends—thank you for always being there to bring me back down to earth when I'm up in the clouds or to help me up when I've fallen down— college would be such a struggle without all of you. Thanks to all my professors who have prepared me for performances like this. And finally, thank you Christina for all of your encouragement and support over the last few years—there is no way I would be where I am today without you.

Glenna: I would like to thank my parents, friends, and sister, Alyssa Toomey, for always supporting my love of music. I also would like to thank my teacher, Dr. Stambuk, for her enthusiastic support, her incredible dedication, and for making this program a possibility.

PROGRAM NOTES TEXTS AND TRANSLATIONS

Amédée Ernest Chausson (1855–1899) was originally a barrister in France but found that his passion lay in music. At the age of 25, he began his study under Jules Massanet in Paris. He composed a small number of orchestral and chamber works but all of his pieces were both consistently high quality and unique in style. His works are said to create a bridge between romanticism and impressionism in French music.

Le Charme and **Le Colibri** are from *Seven Melodies*, Opus 2, one of Chausson's song cycles for voice and piano, set to words by Armand Silvestre and Leconte de Lisle, respectively.

Le Charme

Quand ton sourire me surprit
Je sentis frémir tout mon être
Mais ce qui domptait mon esprit
Je ne pus d'abord le connaître.
Quand ton regard tomba sur moi
Je sentis mon âme se fondre,
Mais ce que serait cet émoi
Je ne pus d'abord en répondre.
Ce qui me vainquit à jamais,
Ce fut un plus douloureux charme;
Et je n'ai su que je t'aimais,
Qu'en voyant ta premiére larme.

Le Colibri

Le vert colibri, le roi des collines

Voyant la rosée et le soleil clair, Luire dans son nid tissé d'herbes fines.

Comme un frais rayon s'échappe dans l'air. Il se hâte et vole aux sources voisines,

The Charm

When your smile surprised me
I felt a shudder through my entire being
But what tamed my spirit
At first I did not recognize.
When your gaze fell on me
I felt my soul melt,
But what the emotion was
At first I could not answer it.
What conquered me forever
Was a much sadder charm
And I did not know that I loved you
Until I saw your first tear.

The Hummingbird

The humming bird, the green prince of the heights seeing the dew and bright sun glittering on his nest, woven of fine grasses

Like a light breeze escapes into the air he hurries and flies to the nearby springs Où les bambous font le bruit de la mer,

Où l'açoka rouge aux odeurs divines

S'ouvre et porte au Coeur un humide éclair.

Vers la fleur dorée il descend, se pose Et boit tant d'amour dans la coupe rose,

Qu'il meurt, ne sachant s'il l'a pu tarir!

Sur ta lèvre pure, ô ma bien-aimée, Telle aussi mon âme eut voulu mourir.

Du premier baiser qui l'a perfumée

where the reeds make the sound of the

where the red hibiscus, with its heavenly scent

Unfolds and brings humid light to the heart

towards the golden flower he descends and drinks so much love from the rosy cup

That he dies, not knowing if he could have drained it!

On our pure lips, oh my beloved, my soul likewise would have wanted to die

of the first full-fragrant kiss.

Johannes Brahms (1833–1897) was one of the most prolific composers of the classical past. He is regarded as an advocate of traditional form and he worked to preserve conventional structures of baroque and classical music while advancing styles toward romanticism. In his work he created a new approach to writing and interweaving melodies and harmonies that has influenced composers for generations.

Lieber Gott, Brauner Bursche, Röslein dreie, Kommt dir manchmal, and **Rote abendwolken** are from *Zigeunerlieder* Opus 103. The lyrics are Hungarian folk songs in German paraphrase of Hugo Conrat. *Zigeunerlieder*, or "Gypsy songs" is a set of untitled songs written in the style of, what Brahms believed to be, a combination of Gypsy and Hungarian music styles The song cycle as a whole has a light and joyous feeling and much of the text deals with love.

Lieber Gott Dear God

Lieber Gott, du weißt, wie oft bereut ich hab, Dear God, you know how often I have regretted

Daß ich meinem Liebsten einst ein Küßchen That I once gave my beloved a little kiss. gab.

Herz gebot, daß ich ihn küssen müß Denk so lang ich leb an diesen ersten Küß

first kiss Lieber Gott, du weißt, wie oft in stiller Nacht, Dear God, you know how often in the still of night

Ich in Lust und Leid an meinen Schatz gedacht. Lieb ist süß, wenn bitter auch die Reu,

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Armes Herze bleibt ihm ewig, ewig treu.

Love is sweet, though bitter also is remorse

I have, in pleasure and pain, thought

My heart bid that I must kiss him,

I shall remember, as long as I live, that

My poor heart will remain forever, ever true to him.

Brauner Bursche

Brauner Bursche führt zum Tanze Sein blauäugig schönes

The Dark-Skinned Boy

of my darling

A dark-skinned boy leads to the dance Kind his blue-eyed, beautiful dear one Schlägt die Sporen keck zusammen Czardas-Melodie beginnt Küßt und herzt sein süßes Täubchen

Dreht sie, führt zie, jauchzt und springt; Wirft drei blanke Silbergulden Auf das Cimbal, daß es klingt.

Röslein dreie

Röslein dreie in der Reihe blühn so rot,

Daß der Bursch zum Mädel geht, ist ist kein Verbot
Lieber Gott, wenn das verboten wär
Ständ die schöne, weite Welt schon, längst nicht mehr,
Ledig bleiben sünde wär.
Schönstes Städtchen in Alfold ist,
Ketschkemet

Dort gibt es gar wiele Mädchen schmuck und nett!

Freunde, sucht euch dort ein Bräutchen aus Friends, choose fro yourselves there a

Freit um ihre Hand und gründet euer Haus,

Freudenbecher leeret aus!

Kommt dir manchmal

Kommt dir manchmal in den Sinn, Mein süßes Lieb Was du einst mit heilgem Eide mir gelobt

Täusch mich nicht, verlaß mich nicht, Du weißt nicht, wie lieb ich dich hab, Lieb du mich wie ich dich, Dann strömt Gottes Huld auf dich herab!

Rote abendwolken

Rote Abendwolken ziehn am Firmament

Sehnsuchtsvoll nach dir, Mein Lieb, das Herze brennt Himmel strahlt in glühnder Pracht, Und ich träum bei Tag und Nacht Nur allein von dem süßen Liebchen mein As he boldly clicks his spurs, a Czardas melody begins He kisses and caresses his sweet little dove

whirls her, leads her, shouts and leaps, and throws three shiny silver coins On the cimbalom, so that it resounds

Three Little Roses

Three little roses in a row are blooming so red

For the lad to go visit his girl there is no forbidding

Dear God, if that were forbidden the beautiful wide world would have ceased to exist long ago

Were it a sin to remain single! the loveliest town in Alfeld is

ne loveliest town in Alfeld Kecskemét

There, there are a good many trim, nice girls.

Friends, choose fro yourselves there a little bride

woo her for her hand in marriage and establish your household Drink up cups of joy!

Do You Recall

Do you sometimes recall

my sweet love
what you once, on sacred oath, vowed
to me
deceive me not, leave me not
you don't know how much I love you
do you love me as I, you
Then God's grace will pour down upon

Red Evening Sky

you!

Red evening clouds move across the sky

Full of longing for you my love, my heart is burning Heaven shines in glowing splendor, and I dream, by day and night only, solely, of my sweet darling. **Benjamin Britten** (1913–1976) was a prominent figure in 20th century British classical music. He composed orchestral, chamber, and vocal works, including many operas and was a practiced pianist and conductor. His early compositions were dominated by classical styles but as he developed as a composer in the 20th century, he became attached to more contemporary styles and began to employ them in his writing.

Funeral Blues and **Johnny** are from *Cabaret Songs*, a collection of four songs written in collaboration with W.H. Auden. The songs were written for and in conjunction with singer Hedli Anderson while the three artists were with a small experimental theater group.

Funeral Blues

Stop all the clocks, cut off the telephone, Prevent the dog from barking with a juicy bone, Silence the pianos and with muffled drum Bring out the coffin, let the mourners come. Let aeroplanes circle moaning overhead Scribbling on the sky the message He Is Dead,

Tie crepe bands round the white necks of the public doves, Let the traffic policemen wear black cotton gloves, He was my North, my South, my East and West, My working week and my Sunday rest, My noon, my midnight, my talk, my song; I thought that love could last forever: I was wrong.

Twas wrong.
The stars are not wanted now:
Put out every one,
Pack up the moon and dismantle the sun,
Pour away the ocean and sweep up the woods;
For nothing now can ever come to any good.

Johnny

O the valley in the summer when I and my John Beside the deep river walk on and on While the grass at our feet and the birds up above Whispered so soft in reciprocal love, And I leaned on his shoulder. 'O Johnny, let's play' But he frowned like thunder, And he went away. O the evening near Christmas As I well recall When we went to the Charity Matinee Ball, The floor was so smooth and the band was so loud And Johnny so handsome I felt so proud; 'Squeeze me tighter, dear Johnny, let's dance till day' But he frowned like thunder and went away. Shall I ever forget at the Grand Opera When music poured out of each wonderful star?

Diamonds and pearls hung like ivy down Over each gold and silver gown; 'O Johnny I'm in heaven' I whispered to say: But he frowned like thunder and went away. O, O but he was as fair as a garden in flower, As slender and tall as the great Eiffel Tower, When the waltz throbbed out Down the long promenade O his eyes and his smile went straight to my heart 'O marry me, Johnny, I'll love and obey': But he frowned like thunder and he went away. O last night I dreamed of you, Johnny, my lover; You'd the sun on one warm And the moon on the other, The sea it was blue an the grass it was green Ev'ry star rattled a round tambourine; Ten thousand miles deep In a pit there I lav: But you went away.

Johann Strauss (1825–1899) was an Austrian composer well known for his work in operettas and was the most sought-after dance music composer in the late 19th century. Most of his compositions are categorized as "light music," which is a form of music that originated in the 19th century. This style of music is very light in content and texture and was composed to attract a wider variety of audiences than the earlier style of more serious compositions.

"Chacun à son goût" takes place in the middle of Act II of *Die Fledermaus*, with libretto by Karl Haffner and Richard Genée. In this scene Prince Orlovsky is hosting a ball for the high status members of society. He begins by welcoming his guests. He soon grows bored with the party and encourages everyone to drink up and have fun or else ...

Chacun à son goût

Ich lade gern mir Gäste ein; Man lebt bei mir recht fein. Man unterhält sich wie man mag, Oft bis zum hellen Tag. Zwar langweil' ich mich stets dabei, Was man auch treibt und spricht; Indes, was mir als Wirt steht frei. Dul'd ich bei Gästen nicht! Und sehe ich, es ennüviert Sich jemand hier bei mir So pack' ich ihn ganz ungeniert Werf ihn hinaus zur Tür Und fragen Sie, ich bitte, Warum ich das denn tu? 'sist mal bei mir so Sitte: Chaun à son goût!

Each to his own taste

I like to invite my quests, One lives guite well at my house, One enjoys oneself, as he likes Often until the light of day. Although I am bored most of the time, Whatever one says or does; In that, what I allow myself as a host I will not tolerate in my guests! And should I see anyone looking bored Here in my home, I will seize him shamelessly And throw him out the door And ask me, I beg you Why then this I do? It is simply my custom; Each to his own taste!

Wenn ich mit andern sitz' beim Wein Und Flasch' un Flasche leer, Muß jeder mit mir durstig sein, Sonst werde grob ich sehr. Und schenke Glas um Glas ich ein, Duld' ich nicht Widerspruch; Nicht leiden kann ich's, wenn sie schrein: "Ich will nicht, hab' genug!"
Wer mir beim Trinken nicht pariert.

Sich zieret wie ein Tropf, Dem werfe ich ganz ungeniert Die Flasche an den Kopf. Und fragen Sie, ich bitte, Warum ich das den tu? 'sist mal bei mir so Sitte: Chacun à son goût! When I sit with others over wine Emptying bottle after bottle, Everyone with me must be thirsty, Or else I become crude.
And if I'm pouring glass after glass, I tolerate no contradiction; I can't stand it when they yell: "I don't want to; I've had enough!" Anyone who doesn't keep drinking with me
And refuses like a ninny

And refuses like a ninny
I throw, quite shamelessly,
The bottle at his head.
And would you ask me please,
Why I do that?
It's just my custom:
To each his own taste!

Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart (1756–1791) is one of the most prolific and influential composers in music history. As a child prodigy, Mozart mastered violin and keyboard at a very early age and began composing at the age of 5. He composed more than 600 works ranging in genre from orchestral and chamber works to choral pieces and operas.

"Là ci darem la mano ..." takes place early in Act I of *Don Giovanni*, with libretto by Lorenzo Da Ponte. In this scene Masetto and Zerlina arrive in a marriage procession in the public square outside of Don Giovanni's palace. Giovanni is immediately drawn to Zerlina. He manages to lure Masetto away so he can seduce Zerlina in this duet.

Là ci darem la mano ...

Don Diovanni: Là ci darem la mano, Là mi dirai di sì Vedi, non è lontano Partiam, ben mio, da qui.

Zerlina:

Vorrei, e non vorrei, Mi trema un pocco il cor, Felice, è ver, sarei, Ma può burlarmi ancor!

Don Giovanni:

Vieni, mio bel diletto!

Zerlina:

Mi fa pieta Masetto!

Give me thy hand

Give me thy hand, oh fairest There you will say "yes" to me See, it is not far Let us go there, my dear

I would like to, and I wouldn't My heart is trembling a little True, I could be happy But he could trick me again!

Come, my beautiful delight!

Masetto would make me sorry!

Don Giovanni:

lo cangierò tuo sorte! I will change your status!

Zerlina:

Presto non son più forte! Ah! Now I am not strong!

Don Giovanni:

Andiam! Andiam! Let's go! Let's go!

Zerlina:

Andiam! Let's go!

Duet:

Andiam, andiam, mio benne,
A ristorar le penne
D'un' innocente amor!

Let's go, let's go my dear
To reestablish the values
Of an innocent love!

UPCOMING ARTS AND LECTURES

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May

Monday, May 5, 6:30 p.m. Clarinet Ensemble, Jennifer Nelson, director, Wheelock Student Center, Rasmussen Rotunda. Free

Monday, May 5, 7:30 p.m. Percussion Ensemble, Gunnar Folsom, director, Schneebeck Concert Hall. Free

Tuesday, May 6, 7:30 p.m. Performance: *Beautiful Day!* Chorale and Dorian Singers, Steven Zopfi and Kathryn Lehmann, conductors, Kilworth Memorial Chapel. Free

Wednesday, May 7, 4 p.m. Pops on the Lawn, Karlen Quad, (rain location) Schneebeck Concert Hall. Free

The School of Music at University of Puget Sound is dedicated to training musicians for successful music careers and to the study of music as a liberal art. Known for its diverse and rigorous educational program, personalized attention to students, the stature of its faculty, and superior achievements in scholarship, musicianship, and solo and ensemble performance, the school maintains the highest professional standards while providing academic and performance opportunities to all university students. Through faculty, student, and guest artist colloquia, workshops, performances, and a vibrant Community Music department, the School of Music enriches the cultural life of the campus and community.